Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility June Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-06-2023 to 30-06-2023

Date obtained: 05-07-2023

Date published: 19-07-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling sampling and specification sampling sampling specification and specification sampling specifications are specifications.					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	14
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	4	6
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.1
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility May Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-05-2023 to 31-05-2023

Date obtained: 06-06-2023

Date published: 13-06-2023

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Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling sampling and specification sampling sampling specification and specification sampling specifications are specifications.					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	3.6	6
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility April Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-04-2023 to 30-04-2023

Date obtained: 06-05-2023

Date published: 16-05-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	11
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	6.4	10
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.1
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	5

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility March Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-03-2023 to 31-03-2023

Date obtained: 11-04-2023

Date published: 14-04-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling sampling and specification sampling sampling specification and specification sampling specifications are specifications.					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	9
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	8.2	12
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	9

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility February Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-02-2023 to 28-02-2023

Date obtained: 07-03-2023

Date published: 17-03-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	36
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	8.6	20
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	17
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	10	45

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility January Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-01-2023 to 31-01-2023

Date obtained: 06-02-2023

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within lim					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	13
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7	8.6	12
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility December Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-12-2022 to 31-12-2022

Date obtained: 06-01-2023

Date published: 18-01-2023

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	16	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	4.8	6	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	3.2	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility November Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-11-2022 to 30-11-2022

Date obtained: 08-12-2022

Date published: 16-12-2022

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	26	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5.6	8	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4.7	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility October Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-10-2022 to 31-10-2022

Date obtained: 07-11-2022

Date published: 15-11-2022



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	37	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	884	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8	14.8	25	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	8	17	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	7.6	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	22	49	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-09-2022 to 30-09-2022

Date obtained: 10-10-2022

Date published: 21-10-2022



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	21	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	5.4	11	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	10	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.4	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	15	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-08-2022 to 31-08-2022

Date obtained: 08-09-2022

Date published: 14-09-2022



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	74	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	3.83	8	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.9	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	4	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-07-2022 to 31-07-2022

Date obtained: 05-08-2022

Date published: 19-08-2022



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	16	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	292	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	13.6	33	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	7	17	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	10.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7	21	50	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.